SPECIFICATION AMENDMENTS

Please amend the paragraph that begins on page 3, line 12 and continues to page 4, line 7 as follows:

In the Bluetooth standard, each primary and secondary terminal has an address that can be used to identify it (in this regard, see also the Bluetooth specifications on the Internet at http://www.bluetooth.com). Such an address BD_ADDR is shown in a diagram in Fig. 1. The address BD_ADDR is made up of three address fields: an address field LAP (Lower Address Part) containing 24 bits, an address field UAP (Upper Address Part) containing 8 bits, and an address field NAP (Non-Significant Address Part) containing 16 bits. A Bluetooth piconetwork is characterized by the address BD ADDR of the associated primary terminal. The address field LAP of the primary terminal determines both the time sequence for the channel center frequencies and identification information which is referred to as the channel access code (CAC) and which the primary and secondary terminals in a piconetwork use to identify such data packets as are transmitted within the piconetwork in question. The identification information is derived from the address field LAP of the primary terminal and always indicates a data packet that is to be transmitted in the piconetwork. All data packets interchanged within a piconetwork are indicated by the same identification information.